

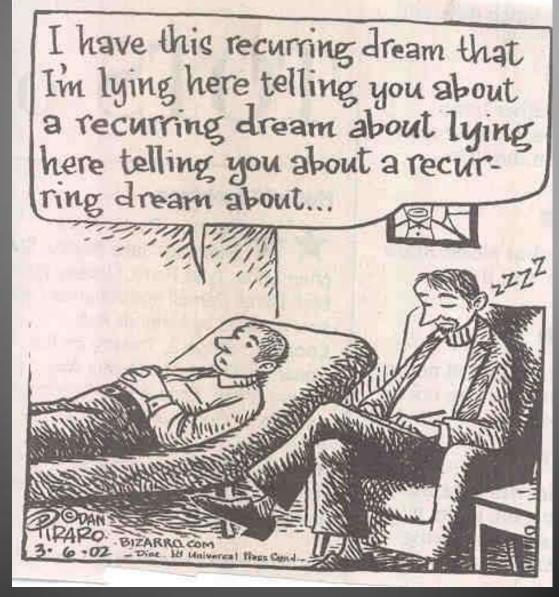
CSSE 220 Day 13

Sierpiński, Recursion and Efficiency, Mutual Recursion

Checkout Recursion2 project from SVN

Questions?

Bizarro



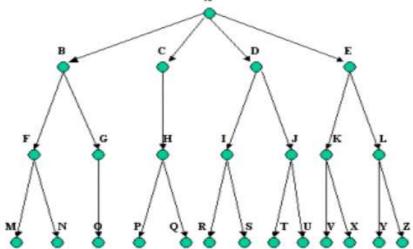
What are recursive methods?

Any method that calls itself

- On a simpler problem
- So that it makes progress toward completion

When should recursive methods be used?

- When implementing a recursive definition
- When implementing methods on recursive data structures



Where parts of the whole look like smaller versions of the whole

The pros and cons of recursive methods

The pros

- easy to implement,
- easy to understand code,
- easy to prove code correct

The cons

- takes more space than equivalent iteration
- Why?
 - because of function calls



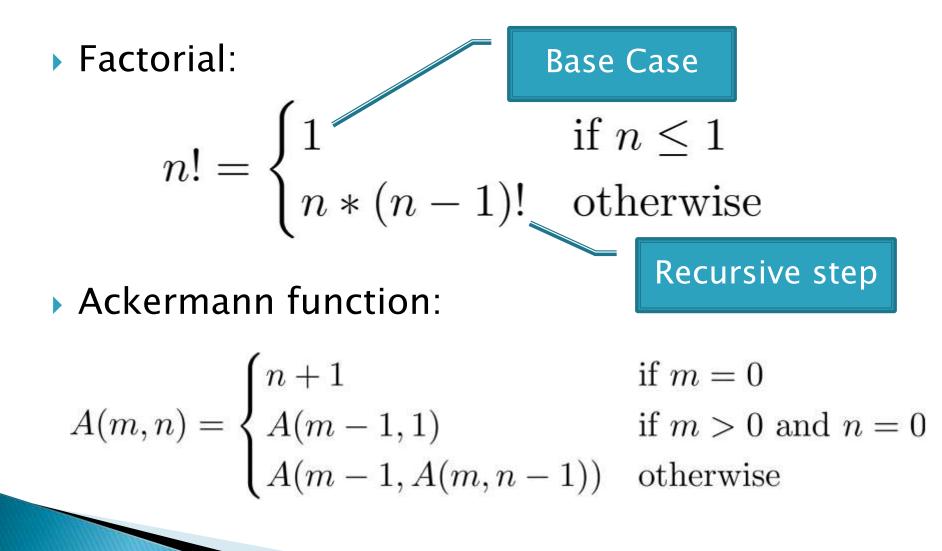
Recap: Key Rules to Using Recursion

- Always have a base case that doesn't recurse
- Make sure recursive case always makes progress, by solving a smaller problem

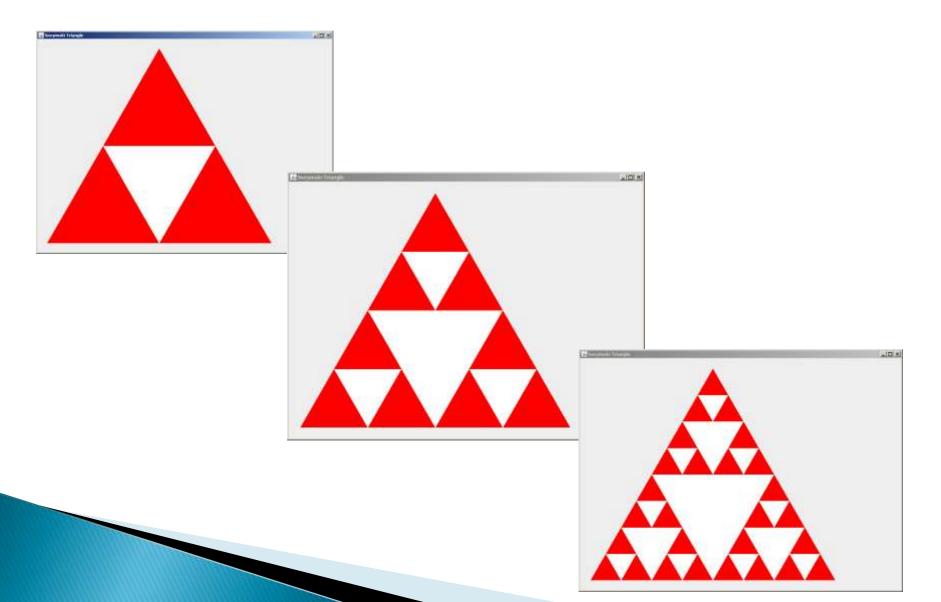
You gotta believe

- Trust in the recursive solution
- Just consider one step at a time

Recursive Functions



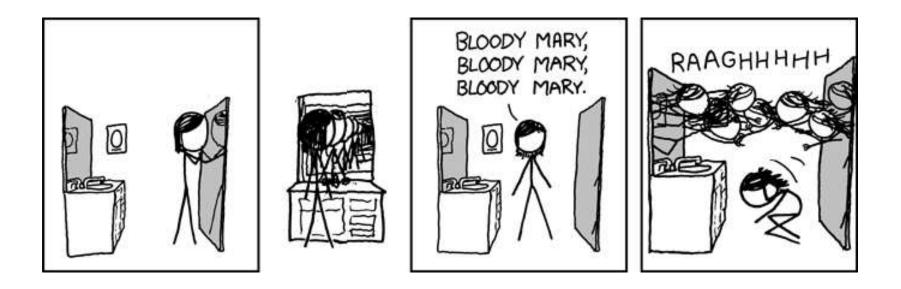
HW: Sierpinski



Work Time

>>> HW 12 & 13: Sierpinski Triangle

Two Mirrors



If you actually do this, what really happens is Douglas Hofstadter appears and talks to you for eight hours about strange loops.

What the Fib?

> Why does recursive Fibonacci take so long?!?

Can we fix it?



Memoization

Save every solution we find to sub-problems

- Before recursively computing a solution:
 - Look it up
 - If found, use it
 - Otherwise do the recursive computation

Classic Time-Space Trade Off

• A deep discovery of computer science

- In a wide variety of problems we can tune the solution by varying the amount of storage space used and the amount of computation performed
- Studied by "Complexity Theorists"

Used everyday by software engineers

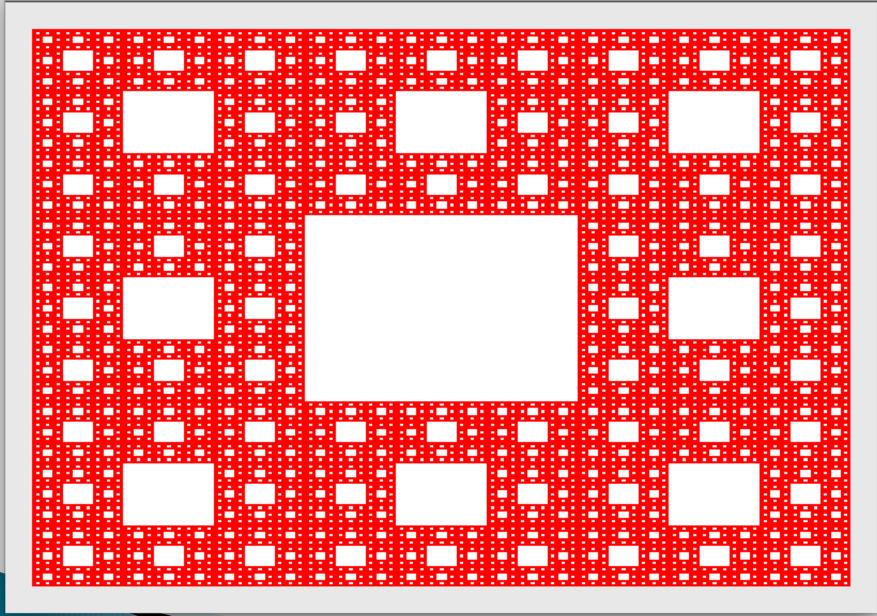
Mutual Recursion

- > 2 or more methods call each other repeatedly
 - E.g., Hofstadter Female and Male Sequences

$$F(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } n = 0\\ n - M(F(n-1)) & \text{if } n > 0 \end{cases}$$
$$M(n) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } n = 0\\ n - F(M(n-1)) & \text{if } n > 0 \end{cases}$$

- Burning Questions for you to figure out now by coding:
 - How often are the sequences different in the first 50 positions? first 500? first 5,000? first 5,000,000?

Sierpinski Carpet



Work Time

>>> HW 13: Sierpinski Carpet

